### Documenting Advance Care Planning and Goals of Care Designations (ACPGCD)

In Alberta you need 2 forms for ACPGCD documentation. Full size versions of each form follows.

Find these form at www/conversationsmatter.ca

### 1) GCD Order Form:

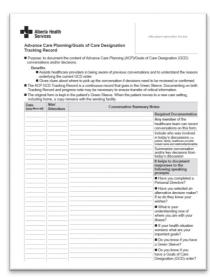
This form is used by a physician/NP to write a Goals of Care

Designation (GCD) order.

### 2) ACPGCD Tracking Record

This form is used by any healthcare provider to document key elements of Advance Care Planning or Goals of Care discussions. The Tracking record has prompting questions on it to highlight the type

of information it should include.



Alberta Health Services



Goals of Care Designation	n (GCD) Order					
Date (yyyy-Mon-dd)	Time (hh:mm)					
Goals of Care Designation of To order a Goals of Care Designation	gnation for this pa					e Designation
Check ▶ □ R1 □	R2 🗆 R3	□ M1		12	□ C1	□ C2
Check ✓ here □ if this GCD Or Process. Document further deta	ils on the ACP/GCE	Tracking Reco	ord.		•	
Specify here if there are spectified the ACP/GCD Tracking Reco		o this GCD Or	rder. Do	ocumen	t these clarif	ications on
Patient's location of care w	here this GCD O	rder was orde	ered (H	ome; or	clinic or facility	name)
Indicate which of the following		. imab.aman4	-6 th-	Dations	an altarnata	desision
Indicate which of the following maker (ADM)  ☐ This GCD has been ordered in the GCD has been ordered or others. (Names of formally) ☐ This is an interim GCD Ordered	ed after relevant co d after relevant co appointed or informa	onversation wi onversation will onversation will	ith the th the a	patient. Itemate	e decision-ma	aker (ADM),
History/Current Status of GIndicate one of the following This is the first GCD Order This GCD Order is a revision of previous GCD Order). This GCD Order is unchan	I am aware of for on from the most	recent prior G		e ACP/G	CD Tracking R	ecord for details
Name of Physician/Designate Practitioner who has ordered		ble Health	]	Disciplir	ne	
Signature				Date (yyyy-Mon-dd)		

Affix patient label within this box

103547(Rev2014-01) Page 1 Side A

# R: Medical Care and Interventions, Including Resuscitation if required followed by Intensive Care

Focus of Care and interventions are for cure or control of the Patient's condition. The Patient would desire and is expected to benefit from attempted resuscitation and ICU care if required.

## R1: Patient is expected to benefit from and is accepting of any appropriate investigations/interventions that can be offered including attempted resuscitation and iCU care.

- Resuscitation: is undertaken for acute deterioration and may include intubation and chest compression
   Life Support interventions: are usually undertaken
- Life Sustaining Measures: are used when appropriate
- Major Surgery: is considered when appropriate.
- Transfer: is considered for diagnosis and treatment, if required

### R2: Patent is expected to benefit from and is accepting of any appropriate investigations/interventions that can be offered including attempted resuscitation, intubation and ICU care, but excluding chest compression

- Resuscitation: is undertaken for acute deterioration, but chest compression should not be performed.
- Life Support Interventions: may be offered without chest compression
- Life Sustaining Measures: are used when appropriate

Major Surgery: is considered when appropriate

 Transfer: is considered for diagnosis and treatment, if required

### R3: Patient is expected to benefit from and is accepting of any appropriate investigations/interventions that can be offered including attempted resuscitation and ICU care, but excluding intubation and chest compression

- Resuscitation: is undertaken for acute deterioration but intubation and chest compression should not be conformed.
- Life Support Interventions: may be offered without intubation and without chest compression
- Infubation and without chest compression

  Life Sustaining Measures: are used when appropriate
- Major Surgery: is considered when appropriate
- Transfer: is considered for diagnosis and treatment, if required

# M: Medical Care and Interventions, Excluding Resuscitation.

Goals of Care Designations – Guide for Clinicians

Focus of Care and interventions are for cure or control of the Patient's condition. The Patient either chooses to not receive or would not be expected to benefit from attempted resuscitation followed by life-sustaining care in an ICU. In Pediatics, ICU can be considered if that location is deemed the best location for delivery of specific short-term symptom-directed care.

### M1: All clinically appropriate medical and surgical interventions directed at cure and control of condition(s) are considered, excluding the option of attempted life-saving resuscitation followed by ICU care. See above, regarding Pediatrics and ICU.

- Resuscitation: is not undertaken for cardio respiratory arrest.
- Life Support interventions: should not be initiated, or should be discontinued after discussion with the Patient.
- Life Sustaining Measures: are used when appropriate
- Transfer: to another location of care is considered if that location provides more appropriate droumstances for diagnosis and treatment
- Major Surgery: is considered when appropriate. Resuscitation during surgery or in the recovery room can be considered, including short term physiologic and mechanical support in an ICU, in order to return the Patient to prior level of function. The possibility of intra-operative death or life-threatening deterioration should be discussed with the Patient in advance of the proposed surgery and general decision-making guidance agreed upon and documented.

# M2: All clinically appropriate interventions that can be offered in the current non-hospital location of care are considered.

If a patient does not respond to available treatments in this location of care, discussion should ensue to change the focus to comfort care. Life-saving resuscitation is not undertaken except in unusual circumstances (see below in Major Surgery).

See above, regarding Pediatrics and ICU.

- Resuscitation: is not undertaken for cardio respiratory arrest.
- Life Support Interventions: should not be initiated, or should be discontinued after discussion with the Patient.
- Life Sustaining Measures: are used when appropriate.
- Transfer: is not usually undertaken, but can be contemplated if symptom management or diagnostic efforts aimed at understanding symptoms can be best undertaken at that other location.
- Major Surgery: can be considered, in order to prevent suffering from an
  unexpected teams or liness. Resuscitation during surgery or in the
  recovery room can be considered, including short term physiologic and
  mechanical support in an ICU, in order to return the Patient to prior level of
  function. The possibility of infra-operative death or life-threatening
  deterioration should be discussed with the Patient in advance of the
  proposed surgery and general decision-making guidance agreed upon and
  noted as special circumstances on the GCD Order Form and Tracking
  Record.

# C: Medical Care and Interventions, Focused on Comfort.

Focus of Care and interventions are for the active palliative treatment of the Patient who has a terminal liness, and support for those close to them. This includes medical care for symptom control and psychosocial and spritual support in advance of death. Care can be provided in any location best suited for these aims, including an ICU, a Hospice or any location that is the most appropriate for symptom-based care for this particular Patient.

# C1: All care is directed at maximal symptom control and maintenance of function without cure or control of an underlying condition that is expected to cause eventual death. Treatment of intercurrent linesses can be contemplated only after careful discussion with the Patient about specific short-term goals.

- Resuscitation: is not undertaken.
- Life Support interventions: should not be initiated, or should be discontinued after discussion with the Patient
- Life Sustaining Measures: are used only for goal directed symptom management.
- Major Surgery: is not usually undertaken, but can be contemplated for procedures aimed at symptom relief. Resuscitation during surgery or in the recovery room can be considered, including short term physiologic and mechanical support in an ICU, in order to return the Patient to prior level of function, but this would be a rare circumstance. The possibility of intra-operative death or life-timestering detentoration should be discussed with the Patient in advance of the proposed surgery and general decision-making guidance agreed upon and documented.
- Transfer: to any appropriate location of care can be considered at any time, to better understand or control symptoms.

### C2: All care is directed at preparation for imminent death [usually within hours or days] with maximal efforts directed at symptom control.

- Resuscitation: is not undertaken
- Life Support interventions: should not be initiated, or should be disconfinued after discussion with the Patient
   Life Sustaining Measures: should be disconfinued
- unless required for symptom management.
- Major Surgery: Is not appropriate
- Transfer: is usually not undertaken but may be considered if required.

Note that specific interventions can be acceptable acts within multiple Goals of Care Designations. It is the goal or intertion of the intervention that determines consistency with a Designation.

compressions, mechanical verifiation, defibrillation, other resuscitative measures, and physiological support. Life Support interventions mean interventions typically undertaken in the intensive Care Unit but which occasionally are performed in other locations in an attempt to restore normal physiology. These may include chest

Life Sustaining Measures mean therapies that sustain life without supporting unstable physiology. Such therapies can be used in multiple clinical circumstances. When viewed as life sustaining measures, they are offered in either a) the late stages of an illness in order to provide comfort or prolong life, or b) to maintain certain bodly functions during the treatment of intercurrent linesses. Examples include enteral tube feeding and parenteral

cardioversion, pacing, and intensive medications. Patients who have opted to not have chest compressions and/or mechanical ventilation may still be considered for other resuscitative measures (see Designation R3) Resuscitation means the initial effort undertaken to reverse and stabilize an acute deterioration in a Patient's vital signs. This may include chest compressions for pulselessness, mechanical ventilation, defibilitation

In the above descriptions, when indicating "discussions with the Patient", it is to be a saumed that this means a capable Patient, a Mature Minor, or a designated Alternate Decision Maker (ADM). If a patient is incapable and

there is no designated ADM, appropriate people within the patient's close diride can be consulted

103547(Rev2014-01) Page 1 Side B



### Advance Care Planning/Goals of Care Designation Tracking Record

Purpose: to document the content of Advance Care Planning (ACP)/Goals of Care Designation (GCD) conversations and/or decisions.

### Benefits:

- Assists healthcare providers in being aware of previous conversations and to understand the reasons underlying the current GCD order.
- Gives clues about where to pick up the conversation if decisions need to be reviewed or confirmed.
- The ACP GCD Tracking Record is a continuous record that goes in the Green Sleeve. Documenting on both Tracking Record and progress note may be necessary to ensure transfer of critical information.
- The original form is kept in the patient's Green Sleeve. When the patient moves to a new care setting, including home, a copy remains with the sending facility.

Date (yyyy-Mon-dd)	Site/ Attendees	Conversation Summary Notes				
		Required Documentation				
		Any member of the healthcare team can record conversations on this form.				
		Include who was involved in today's discussions (i.e. patient, family, healthcare provider Include name and relationship/discipline				
		Summarize conversation and/or key decisions from today's discussion				
		It helps to document responses to the following speaking prompts.				
		■ Have you completed a Personal Directive?				
		■ Have you selected an alternative decision maker If so do they know your wishes?				
		■ What is your understanding now of where you are with your illness?				
		■ If your health situation worsens what are your important goals?				
		■ Do you know if you have a Green Sleeve?				
		■ Do you know if you have a Goals of Care				