

A research study information for the ACH ED MDs

Protocol: PRoMPT BOLUS-01

Protocol Version: 4.0, 17-May-2023

## Objectives

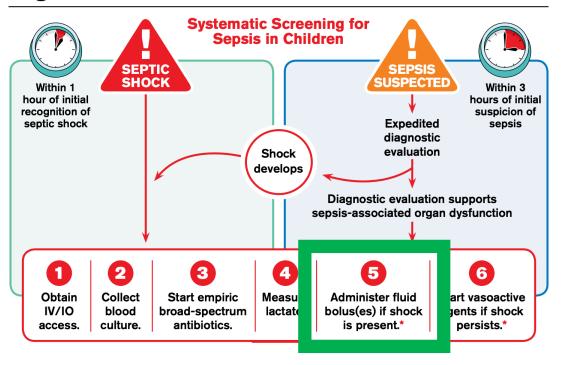
- Provide an overview of fluid management in children with sepsis
- Introduce the PRoMPT BOLUS study
- Provide details about ED team responsibilities



Fluid boluses are a cornerstone of resuscitation in children presenting with suspected sepsis.

## **Initial Resuscitation Algorithm for Children**





Traditionally we use Normal Saline.

But really...
which crystalloid is
the best option?



0.9% NaCl PlasmaLyte Lactated Ringers

Balanced Fluids

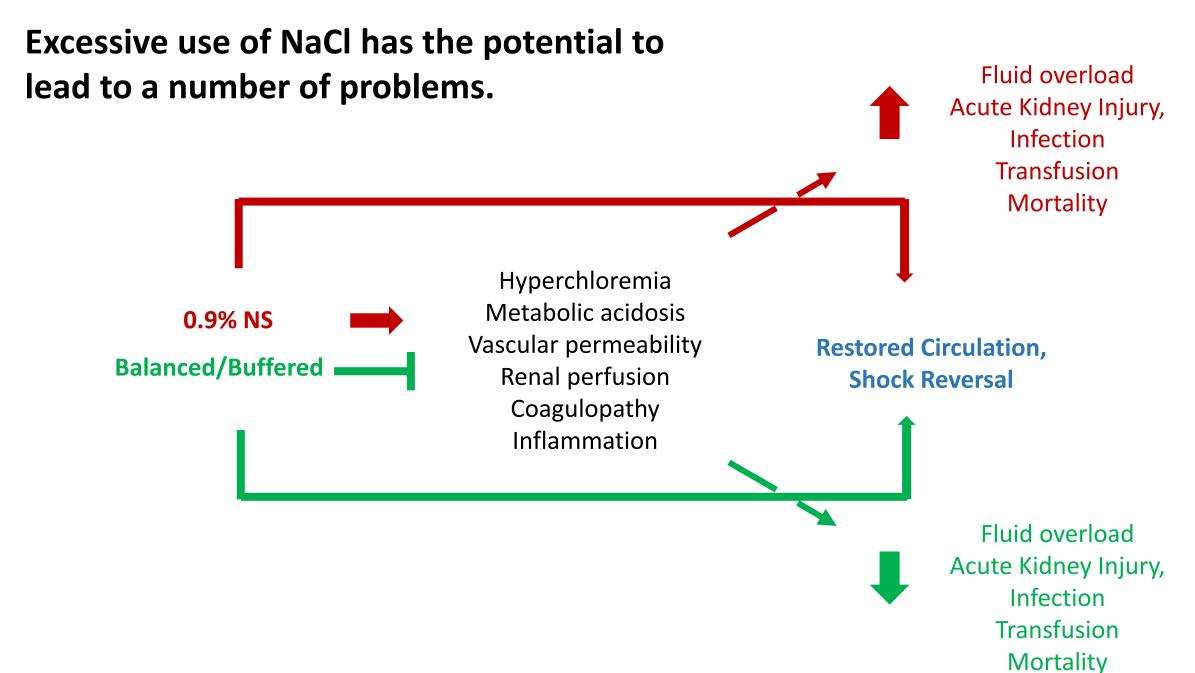
## **Crystalloid Fluid Composition**

	Blood	Normal Saline	Lactated Ringers	Plasma- Lyte
Na (mEq/L)	140	154	130	140
CI (mEq/L)	100	154	109	98
K (mEq/L)	4	0	4	5
Ca (mEq/L)	5	0	2-3	0
Buffer	multiple	None	Lactate	Acet/Gluc
рН	7.4	5	6.5	7.4
SID	24	0	28	49
Osmolality	290	308	273	295

If we compare
Crystalloid Fluids to Blood
we see some
significant differences.

Particularly in the amount of Chloride, the pH and the Strong Ion Difference



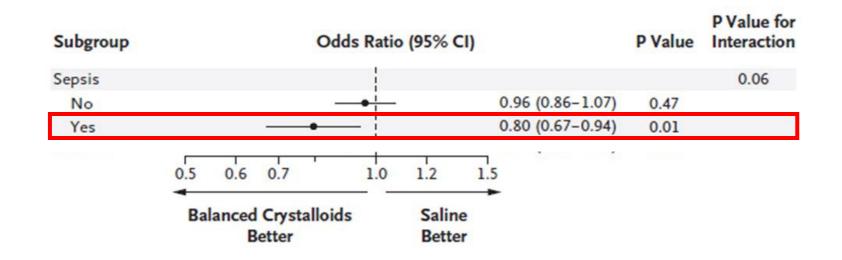




ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Balanced Crystalloids versus Saline in Critically Ill Adults

Some studies in Adults have shown lower mortality rates in those treated with Balanced Fluids





# Hyperchloremia is associated with acute kidney injury in pediatric patients with septic shock

Erin K. Stenson<sup>1\*</sup>, Natalie Z. Cvijanovich<sup>2</sup>, Geoffrey L. Allen<sup>3</sup>, Neal J. Thomas<sup>4</sup>, Michael T. Bigham<sup>5</sup>, Scott L. Weiss<sup>6</sup>, Julie C. Fitzgerald<sup>6</sup>, Parag N. Jain<sup>7</sup>, Keith Meyer<sup>8</sup>, Michael Quasney<sup>9</sup>, Mark Hall<sup>10</sup>, Rainer Gedeit<sup>11</sup>, Robert J. Freishtat<sup>12</sup>, Jeffrey Nowak<sup>13</sup>, Riad Lutfi<sup>14</sup>, Shira Gertz<sup>15</sup>, Jocelyn R. Grunwell<sup>16</sup>, Hector R. Wong<sup>17</sup> and Nick Anas<sup>18</sup>

Exposure	Outcome	aOR (95% CI)
Minimum Chloride ≥ 110 mmol/L	Stage 2/3 AKI	2.4 (1.2-4.9)
Minimum Chloride ≥ 110 mmol/L	Mortality	4.1 (2.1-8.1)

aOR – adjusted Odds Ratio

Septic children
with higher chloride levels
were more likely to have
acute kidney injury (AKI)
and more likely to die.



### Crystalloid Fluid Choice and Clinical Outcomes in Pediatric Sepsis: A Matched Retrospective Cohort Study

Scott L. Weiss, MD, MSCE<sup>1</sup>, Luke Keele, PhD<sup>2</sup>, Fran Balamuth, MD, PhD, MSCE<sup>3,4</sup>, Neika Vendetti, MPH<sup>3</sup>, Rachael Ross, MPH<sup>3</sup>, Julie C. Fitzgerald, MD, PhD<sup>1</sup>, and Jeffrey S. Gerber, MD, PhD<sup>3,5</sup>

## Resuscitation With Balanced Fluids Is Associated With Improved Survival in Pediatric Severe Sepsis\*

Elizabeth T. Emrath, MD¹; James D. Fortenberry, MD, MCCM¹,²; Curtis Travers, MPH³; Courtney E. McCracken, PhD³; Kiran B. Hebbar, MD, FCCM¹,²

#### BUT.....

2 large health record studies comparing children with sepsis who received
Normal Saline vs Balanced Fluids had conflicting results.



Surviving Sepsis Campaign International Guidelines for the Management of Septic Shock and Sepsis-Associated Organ Dysfunction in Children

### Current Surviving Sepsis Campaign Guidelines State:

"We suggest balanced crystalloids, rather than 0.9% saline, for resuscitation of children with septic shock" (weak recommendation, very low quality of evidence)

Balanced crystalloid vs 0.9% saline is a **knowledge gap and research opportunity** 



## **Our Research Question**

In children aged 2 months to < 18 years

presenting to the Emergency Department in septic shock,

does resuscitation with Balanced Fluids

improve clinical outcomes

compared to resuscitation with Normal Saline?





## **Study Summary**

• **Design:** International pragmatic open-label RCT

• **Population:** Suspected septic shock, 2 mo to <18 yr

• **Setting:** Emergency Department (extension to wards, PICU)

• Intervention: Balanced Fluids (LR or PlasmaLyte) vs Normal Saline

• 1° outcome: Major adverse kidney events (MAKE30)

• **Duration:** 4.5 years enrolment











Paediatric Research in Emergency Departments International Collaborative

**3 PEM Networks** 

**4 Countries** 

**8800 Participants** 

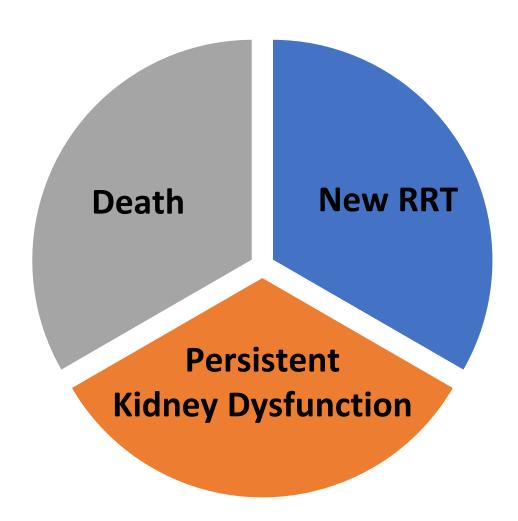






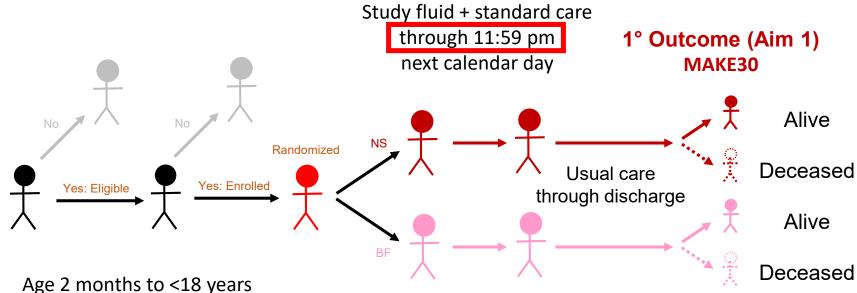
## **Primary Endpoint**

Major Adverse Kidney Events within 30 days (MAKE30)



MAKE30 has been recommended by NIH as a patient-centred outcome for phase 3 clinical trials.

## **Study Design Overview**



- Suspected septic shock
  - Parenteral antibiotics
  - **Blood** culture
  - 20 mL/kg for abnormal perfusion or hypotension

#### OR

- Initiate sepsis pathway
- Expect >1 fluid bolus

Observe for safety and efficacy outcomes (Aim 2)



## Ongoing Care

The timing and amount of fluids, use of antibiotics, vasoactive meds and all other care is at the discretion of the managing clinical team





Tri-Council Policy Statement

Ethical Conduct for Research Involving Humans

**TCPS2 2018** 

Canadian Institutes of Health Research
Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council of Canada
Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council

Article 3.8
Consent for Research in Individual Medical Emergencies

(Deferred Consent)



## **Deferred Consent**

- Participant requires immediate intervention;
- No standard efficacious care exists OR research offers a realistic possibility of direct benefit
- Risk is not greater than standard efficacious care OR is clearly justified by the prospect for direct benefits
- Participant is unconscious or lacks capacity
- Third party authorization cannot be secured in sufficient time
- No relevant prior directive by the participant is known to exist.



# So what does all this mean for me? (i.e. ED Responsibilities)

- 1. Recognize potential participants
- 2. Check for eligibility (MDs)
- 3. Randomize (MDs)
- 4. Stickers and Tags and Stuff
- 5. Communicate / Handover

And of course manage your patient!!!



#### **Step 1: Recognize a potential participant**





- 1. Are you concerned your patient has sepsis?
- 2. Is the patient ≥ 2 months of age?
- 3. Are you administering at least one IV/IO fluid bolus for resuscitation and additional fluid for poor perfusion?

If YES to all, assess patient for PRoMPT BOLUS study:

Step 🏚

Review and complete **Eligibility Form**, and if eligible

Step <mark>2</mark> !

**Randomize** by selecting next study envelope

Step 7

Administer assigned **fluid** 

Questions: Contact **Dr. Graham Thompson (403) 369-0765**Beata (beata.mickiewicz@ahs.ca) or study team pager #11316

PROMPT BOLUS-01 ED – Study Notice Version & Date: v 2.0 / 19-Apr-202:

#### **Screening Posters are located**

- on the wall in both Resuscitation Rooms
  - in each pod
  - on the Sepsis Cart



Screen your patients to see if they might be eligible... If YES, notify MD

We really, really need your help with this!!!!

#### **Step 2: Check for Eligibility**

- Eligibility Forms located on side wall of each Resusc Bay & in Sepsis Cart
- Attach patient sticker
- Complete Eligibility Criteria
  - If not Eligible, Sign/Date
  - If Eligible, Sign/Date/Time and take a Randomization Envelope

Get MD to complete Eligibility Record (It's really quick!!)

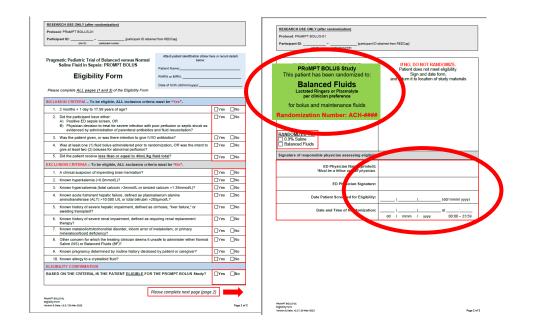
	IRCH USE ONLY (after randomization)			
Partici	pant ID: =	btained from REDCap]		
	natic Pediatric Trial of Balanced versus Norma Saline Fluid in Sepsis: PROMPT BOLUS Eligibility Form	Patient Name:  RHRN or MRN:  Oate of birth (dd/mm/yyyy):	here or recon	d details
Please	e complete ALL pages (1 and 2) of the Eligibility Forn	n		
INCLU	SION CRITERIA – To be eligible, ALL inclusion crit	teria must be "Yes".		
1.	2 months + 1 day to 17.99 years of age?		□Yes	□No
2.	Did the participant have either:  A) Positive ED sepsis screen, OR  B) Physician decision to treat for severe infection we evidenced by administration of parenteral antibion.	□Yes	□No	
3.	Was the patient given, or was there intention to give	IV/IO antibiotics?	□Yes	□No
4.	Was at least one (1) fluid bolus administered prior to randomization, OR was the intent to give at least two (2) boluses for abnormal perfusion?			□No
5.	Did the patient receive less than or equal to 40mL/	kg fluid total?	□Yes	□No
EXCLU	ISION CRITERIA – To be eligible, ALL exclusion cr	riteria must be "No".		
1.	A clinical suspicion of impending brain hemiation?		□Yes	□No
2.	Known hyperkalemia (>6.0mmol/L)?			□No
3.	Known hypercalcemia (total calcium >3mmol/L or ionized calcium >1.35mmol/L)?			□No
4.	Known acute fulminant hepatic failure, defined as plasma/serum alanine aminotransferase (ALT) > 10 000 U/L or total bilirubin > 205 µmol/L?			□No
5.	Known history of severe hepatic impairment, defined as cirrhosis, "liver failure," or awaiting transplant?			□No
6.	Known history of severe renal impairment, defined as requiring renal replacement therapy?		□Yes	□No
7.	. Known metabolic/mitochondrial disorder, inborn error of metabolism, or primary mineralocorticoid deficiency?		□Yes	□No
8.	Saline (NS) or Balanced Fluids (BF)?			□No
9.	Known pregnancy determined by routine history disclosed by patient or caregiver?			□No
10.	10. Known allergy to a crystalloid fluid?			□No
ELIGIE	ILITY CONFIRMATION			
BASE	ON THE CRITERIA, IS THE PATIENT <u>ELIGIBLE</u> F	OR THE PROMPT BOLUS Study?	□Yes	□No
			_	

Protocol: PRoMPT BOLUS-01						
Participant ID: =						
If YES, RANDOMIZE THE PATIENT. Select the next PROMPT BOLUS envelope and follow the included instructions.	If NO, DO NOT RANDOMIZE. Patient does not meet eligibility. Sign and date form, and return it to location of study materials					
PLACE RANDOMIZATION STICKER FROM ENVELOPE HERE						
RANDOMIZED TO:						
☐ 0.9% Saline ☐ Balanced Fluids						
Signature of responsible physician assessing eligibility						
ED Physician Name (printed): *Must be a fellow or staff physician						
ED Physician Signature						
Date Patient Screened for Eligibility	(dd/ mmm/ yyyy)					
Date and Time of Randomization	at: dd / mmm / yyyy					

PROMPT BOLUS-01 Eligibility Form Version & Date: v2.0 / 20-Mar-202:

#### **Step 3: Randomize Participant**

- Randomization Envelopes: box under hanging cupboard in Trauma D or Sepsis Cart outside the A pod
- Fluid allocation is colour coded
- Place one randomization sticker on the Eligibility Form
- Sign and indicate date and time of randomization on the Eligibility Form



#### PROMPT BOLUS Study

This patient has been randomized to:

#### 0.9 % Normal Saline

for bolus and maintenance fluids

Randomization Number: ACH-####

#### **PROMPT BOLUS Study**

This patient has been randomized to:

#### **Balanced Fluids**

Lactated Ringers or Plasmalyte per clinician preference

for bolus and maintenance fluids

Randomization Number: ACH-####



for bolus and maintenance fluids

Randomization Number: ACH-###

PROMPT BOLUS Study This patient has been randomized to:

#### **Balanced Fluids**

Lactated Ringers or Plasmalyte per clinician preference

for bolus and maintenance fluids

Randomization Number: ACH-####

#### Randomization Labels

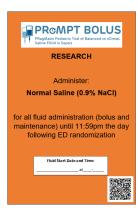
(to be placed on Eligibility Record)

PROMPT BOLUS - Research Administer 0.9% Normal Saline per order

PRoMPT BOLUS - Research Administer Balanced Fluids per order

#### Participant Wrist Bands

(to be placed on Patient)





#### IV hang tags

(to write in Time of Randomization & place on IV Pole)

#### Randomization



Randomization Envelope



PROMPT BOLUS

**ED Team Instructions** 

Planer SOLUTION Inpatient/PICU Team Instructions - 804 Venion & Date v 10 / 52 May 2003

**ED Study** Instructions



Caregiver Information (to give to Caregiver *before* leaving the ED)

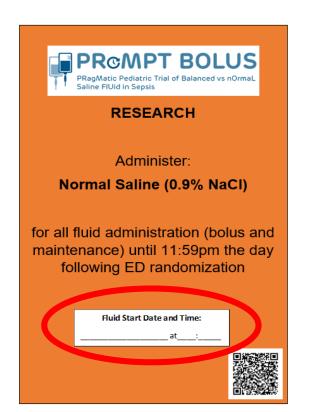
#### **Step 4: Stickers, Tags and Stuff**

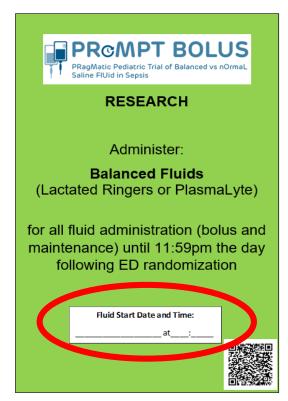
- Place wrist band on participant
- Write date/time of randomization on IV hang tags
- Place hang tag on IV pole

PROMPT BOLUS – Research
Administer 0.9% Normal Saline per order

PROMPT BOLUS – Research
Administer Balanced Fluids per order

Place on Patient





Write in Time of Randomization & Place on IV Pole



#### **Step 5: Communicate!**

- Provide Caregiver Information Sheet to notify family of enrolment
- Add PRoMPT BOLUS Connect Care
   SmartPhrase to clinical notes:
  - for NS arm use .PBNS
  - for BF arm use .PBBF
- Inform admitting team of enrolment!
- Inform research team of enrolment
  - email at <u>PromptBolus@ahs.ca</u>
- Place all completed Eligibility Form in the mailbox outside the ED Research Office











#### Information Sheet for Parents and/or Legal Guardians

Study Title: Pragmatic Pediatric Trial of Balanced Versus Normal Saline Fluids in Sepsis (PRoMPT BOLUS)

Principal Investigators Dr. Graham Thompson Telephone: (403) 955-7740

Dr. Stephen Freedman Telephone: (403) 955-7295

Research Coordinator: Dr. Beata Mickiewicz

Telephone: (403) 955-5455

Your child has been enrolled into a research study. This process was approved by the University of Calgary and Alberta Health Services because the study is safe and potentially beneficial to participants, and because it is comparing two treatments that we know both work and are commonly used to treat your child's condition.

Your child's doctor determined that giving fluids through an intravenous (IV) was needed to treat your child. Because IV fluids needed to start right away, there was not time to review all details of the study and obtain your consent prior to beginning treatment.

There were several IV fluid options: Normal Saline and Balanced Fluids (either Lactated Ringer's (LR) or PlasmaLyte (PL)). All of these fluids are proven to treat sepsis, but we do not know if either Normal Saline or Balanced Fluids is best.

Doctors at the Alberta Children's Hospital are doing this study to see if Normal Saline or Balanced Fluids is better in the treatment of sepsis. Your child will receive either Normal Saline or Balanced Fluids, but your doctors are still in charge of when and how much fluid to give (and all other aspects of your child's care).

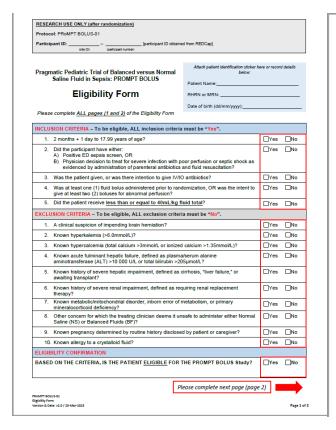
We know that it is very important for you to understand what the PROMPT BOLUS study is. A member of the research team will arrange for a time to meet with you to provide more detailed information about the study and to respond to any and all of your questions.

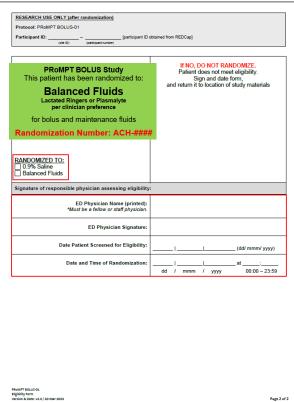
Ethios ID: REB20-1100
Study Title: Pragmatic Pediatric Trail of Balanced Versus Normal Saline Fluids in Sepsis (PRoMPT BOLUS)
PI: Dr. Graham Thompson
Version and Date: 11,127-Apr. 2022

Page 1 of 1

## **Communication is Key!!**

- Place completed Eligibility Form in mailbox outside ED research office
- Inform Admitting Team of study participation.
- Write a communication note in Connect Care!!

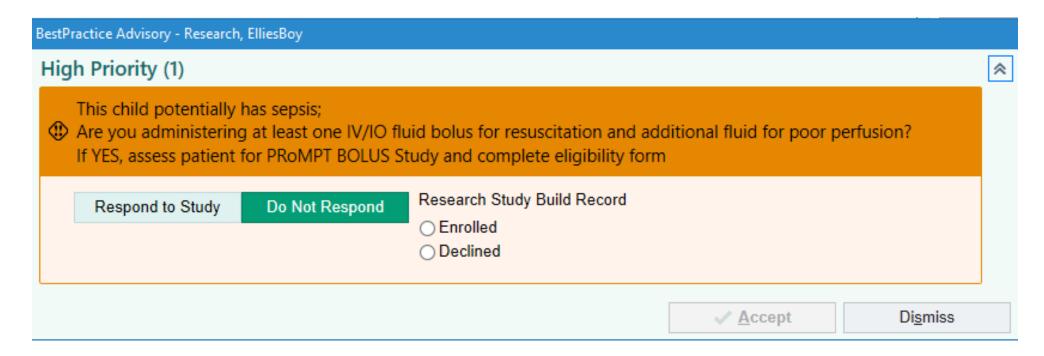




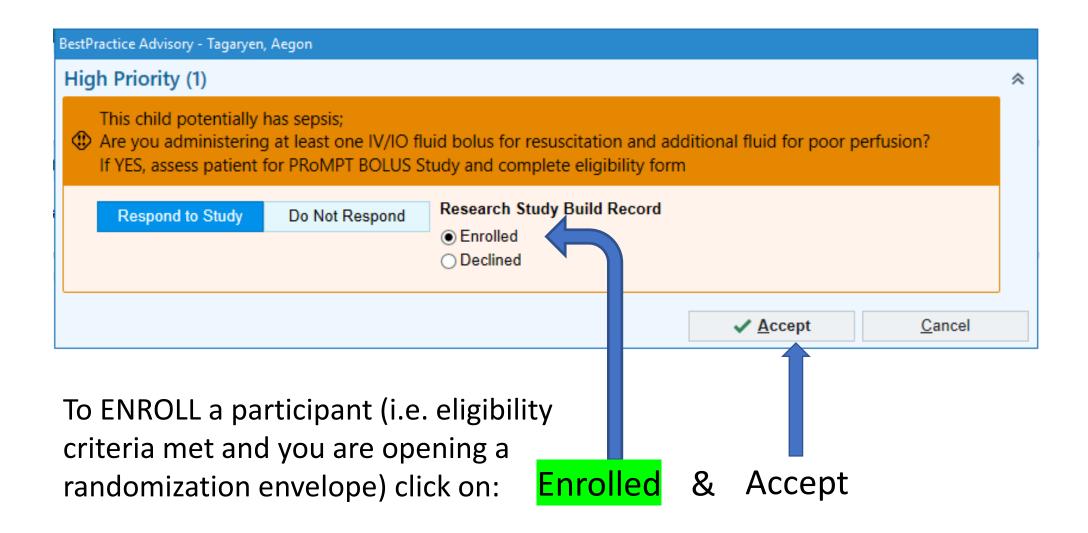
### **Connect Care: Study BPA**

The purposes of the PRoMPT BOLUS BPA are:

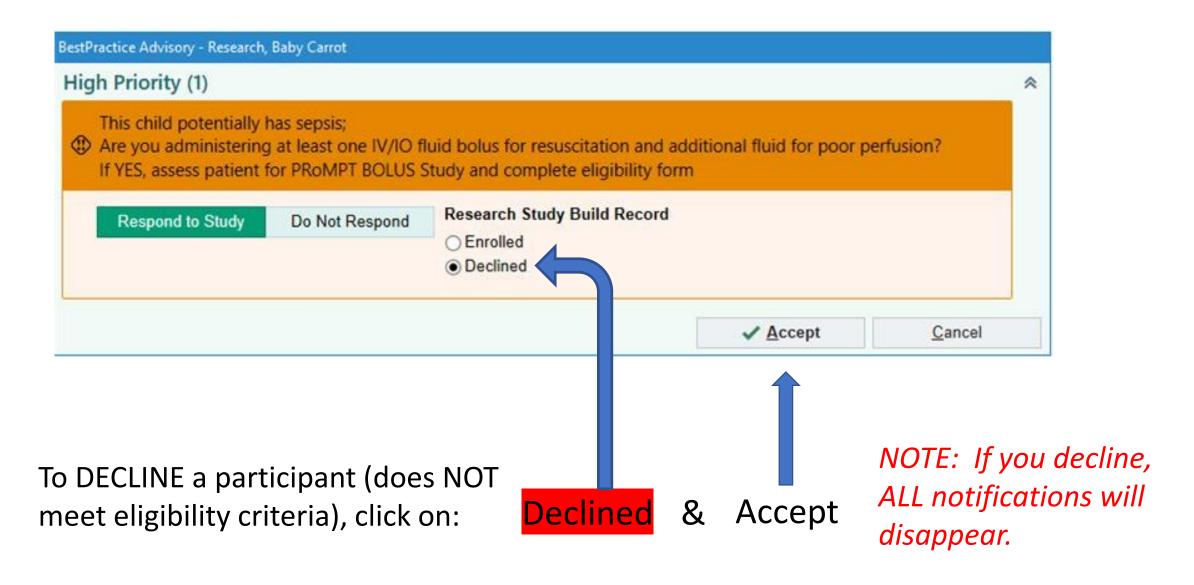
- Help ED clinicians to identify potential study participants (it will notify ED clinician when the Orders activity is opened)
- Support communication with ED and Inpatient teams related to study participant enrolment



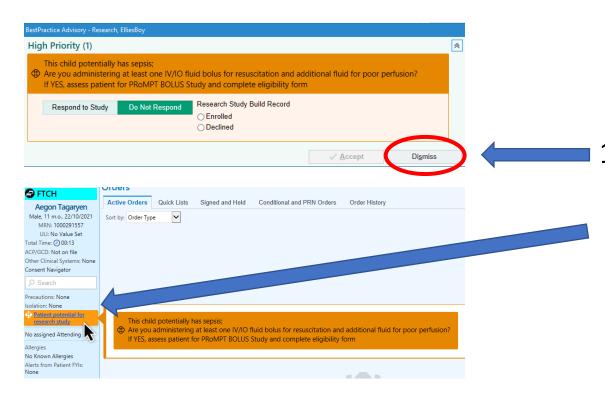
## To ENROLL a patient (PROMPT BOLUS eligibility criteria met)



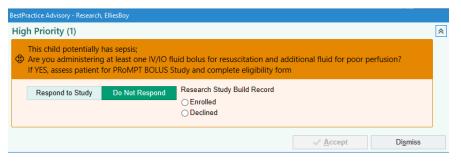
## To DECLINE enrolment (PROMPT BOLUS eligibility criteria NOT met)



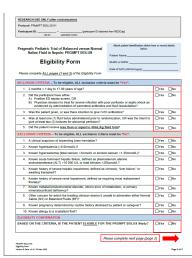
## If unsure & need to check Eligibility Criteria



Click on Dismiss.
 A small orange BPA notification will appear on the Story Board (hover to discover)



- 2) Complete the study Eligibility Form, Sign/Date
- 3) Go back into CC and click on orders tab
- 4) BPA will appear back: choose Enrolled
- or **Declined**, then Accept



#### Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

PROMPT BOLUS ED - Alberta Children's Hospital (ACH)

- Q: Who should I think about enrolling?
  A: Children aged from to < 18 years presenting to the ED with suspected sepsis who you anticipate giving a second bolus of fluids for poor perfusion.
- pods. Eligibility criteria can be found posted on the wall of both resuscitation rooms and in the labelled drawer of the Sepsis Cart located in the hallway outside rooms 12-15.
- Where do I find randomization envelopes?
   A: Randomization envelopes are located in the following 2 locations:
   1) The desk in the resuscitation room
   2) A drawer in the Sepsis Cart located in the hallway by rooms 12-15

- Q: What is in the randomization envelopes, and what do I do with it?
  A: Randomization envelopes include the following:
  1) Randomization Sickers—place one on the completed eligibility form and one on the patient's health record:
  2) Participant Wirds Bands—place on the patient's wrist for easy identification of

  - 2) Participant Wint Bands place on the patient's wrist for easy identification of participation.

    participation.

    participation.

    4) Patient Door Signs keep on the health record for the admirting learn to post on the patient's norm done in a sealing to the patient's norm done.

    5) ED Intermation Sheet to assist you through ED study processes.

    5) ED Intermation Sheet to assist you through ED study processes.

    7) ED Intermation Sheet health record for the admirting team.

    7) Caregover Information Sheet Please give to the child's caregiver. If they have questions, refer them the Intermation Sheet Steam of the Study increases.
- Q: How will I know what fluid my patient is allocated to?
  A: Colour-coded tools will help you identify which fluid to give your pati-Fluids, Orange = Normal Saline) including:
  1) Patient Wrist Bands
- Q: How much IV fluid should I order?

  A: The amount, timing and rate of fluid administered is at the discretion of the managing health care provider
- Q: Can I use a different fluid than the one my patient is allocated to?
  A: If there is a definitive clinical indication for using an alternate fluid from the one allocated for the study, please manage the patient based on that clinical requirement. An example would be using saline for clinically relevant hyponatremia.





- 1. Are you concerned your patient has sepsis?
- 2. Is the patient ≥ 2 months of age?

PROPERTY SECURIORS 10 - Study Station Version & State v 2-0 / (A supr 2013)

- 3. Are you administering at least one IV/IO fluid bolus for resuscitation and additional fluid for poor perfusion?
- If YES to all, assess patient for PROMPT BOLUS study:
- Step Review and complete Eligibility Form, and if eligible Step Randomize by selecting next study envelope

Step 3 Administer assigned fluid

### **RESUS ROOM**





### **RESUS ROOM**

(study materials are on both walls of the room)











### **SEPSIS CART**

#### **Eligibility Forms, FAQs**

(located in hallway outside the A pod)



**Normal Saline** 



Balanced Fluids
Lactated Ringers
PlasmaLyte



**Randomization Envelopes** 



# SEPSIS CART (Located in hallway outside A pod)





Eligibility Forms FAQs

Randomization envelopes

Fluids!!

#### Fluids Available for Use

#### **Bolus Fluids**

- NS
- LR
- PL

#### **Maintenance Fluids**

- NS, NS + 20K, D5NS, D5NS + 20K
- LR, LR + 20K, D5LR
- PL

#### Other Solutions to mix in ED

- (LR+20K) + D5
- Order as LR+20K and include "please add dextrose to make D5 equivalent"

#### **ACH IV Solution Recipes:**

Note: withdrawal of fluid before adding additional dextrose is only required if the volume added is to be greater than 10% of the total bag volume

D10 Solutions				
Desired Solution	Starting Solution	Bag Volume	Withdraw	Add
D10W 0.2% NaCl	D5W 0.2% NaCl	500 mL	-	50 mL D50W
D10W 0.45% NaCl	D5W 0.45% NaCl	500 mL	- 1120	50 mL D50W
➤ with 20 or 40 mmol/L KCl	➤ with 20 or 40 mmol/L KCI	11.		100 mL D50W
D10W 0.9% NaCl	D5W 0.9% NaCl	500 mL	-	50 mL D50W
➤ with 20 or 40** mmol/L KCl	➤ with 20 or 40* mmol/L KCI	11.	•	100 mL D50W

D12.5 Solutions				
Desired Solution	Starting Solution	Bag Volume	Withdraw	Add
D12.5W 0.2% NaCl	D5W 0.2% NaCl	500 mL	75 mL	75 mL D50W
D12.5W 0.45% NaCl	D5W 0.45% NaCl	500 mL	75 mL	75 mL D50W
➤ with 20 or 40 mmol/L KCl	➤ with 20 or 40mmol/L KCI	11.	150 mL	150 mL D50W
D12.5W 0.9% NaCl	D5W 0.9% NaCl	500 mL	75 mL	75 mL D50W
➤ with 20 or 40** mmol/L KCl	➤ with 20 or 40* mmol/L KCI	1L	150 mL	150 mL D50W

D15/D25 Solutions				
<b>Desired Solution</b>	Starting Solution	Bag Volume	Withdraw	Add
D15W	D10W	500 mL	-	50 mL D50W
D25W	D10W	500 mL	188 mL	188 mL D50W

\* DSW 0.9% NaCl with 40mmol/L KCl may not be available commercially in the future. Once this occurs it can mixed with the following recipe:

Desired Solution	Starting Solution	Bag Volume	Withdraw	Add
D5W 0.9% NaCl with 40 mmol/L KCl	0.9% NaCl with 40 mmol/L KCl	11		100mL D50W

\*\* Once D5W 0.9% NaCl with 40 mmol/L KCl is unavailable commercially, higher dextrose combinations with 0.9% NaCl and 40 mmol/L KCl cannot be prepared outside of pharmacy; i.e. We wouldn't use the recipe above to make a D5W 0.9% NaCl with 40 mmol/L KCl and then use that bag as the base solution for the higher dextrose recipes. It will require Pharmacy to prepare with concentrated electrolytes to avoid diluting the sodium chloride and potassium chloride content \*\*

# Pharmacy-Made Solutions Available After Hours Unit 4 D12.5W 0.9% NaCl with 40 mmol/L KCl D12.5W 0.9% NaCl with 60 mmol/L KCl D12.5W 0.9% NaCl with 60 mmol/L KCl Night Cupboard: D10W 0.2% NaCl with 60 mmol/L KCl Solutions Commercially Available Ward Stock Unit 1 & 2 Ringers Lactate with 20 mmol/L KCL RINGERS LACTATE with 40 mmol/L KCL IS NOT AVAILABLE-ONLY PHARMACY CAN MAKE KCL Solutions

. D5W with Ringers Lactate

#### NICU

 D10W 0.2% NaCl with 20, 40, or 60 mmol/L KCL

Last updated 2022-03-16

#### Fluids Available for Use

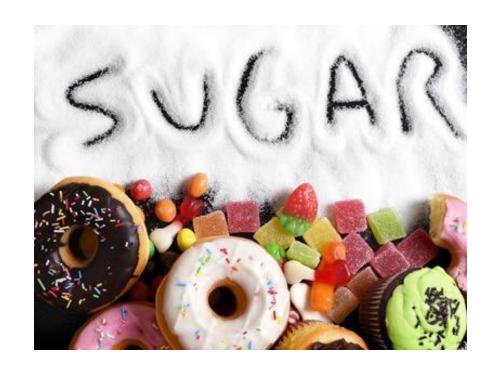
Base	Solution	Location
0.9% NaCl (NS)	NS	ED/PICU/wards
	NS + 20KCl	ED/PICU/wards
	NS + 40KCl	ED/PICU/wards
	NS + 60KCl	Unit 4
	D5NS	ED/PICU/wards
	D5NS + 20KCl	ED/PICU/wards
	D12.5NS + 40KCl	Unit 4
	D12.5NS + 60KCl	Unit 4
	Other dextrose mixtures	Mix in ED^
Lactated Ringers (LR)	LR	ED/PICU/wards
	LR + 20KCl	PICU/Unit1/Unit2
	D5LR	PICU/OR
	(LR + 20KCI) + D5	Mix in ED^
PlasmaLyte (PL)	PL*	ED/PICU/wards

<sup>\*</sup> AHS Pharmacy does not endorse additives to PL

<sup>^</sup> IV Solution mixtures as per ED/PICU/Pharmacy policy.

#### What about Fluid Additives?

- Dextrose, K<sup>+</sup> etc can be added as clinically indicated
- Unable to add directly to PL or LR bags
  - AHS Provincial Pharmacy



## WARNING: Compatibilities

- Lactated Ringers is NOT compatible with the following items:
  - Ceftriaxone
  - Some Blood Products

 Please use a 2<sup>nd</sup> line if available. If not, exceptional IV flushing standards are vital.

 Please comply with all AHS compatibility protocols and procedures.

## **Stopping Criteria (for NS and BF)**

Item	Definition
Hyperkalemia*	K <sup>+</sup> >6 mEq/L
Hypercalcemia*	Ca <sup>+2</sup> >3 mmol/L <i>or</i> iCa <sup>+2</sup> >1.35 mmol/L
Severe hepatic impairment	ALT > 10 000 U/L <i>or</i> total bilirubin >205 umol/L
Severe renal impairment	Urine output <0.5 ml/kg for 16 hrs (continuous) <i>OR</i> Initiation of new Renal Replacement Therapy
Hypersensitivity to allocated fluids	Based on managing clinical team



<sup>\*</sup>confirmed by immediate retesting

#### **Stopping Criteria (for NS and BF)**

If a child meets one of the Stopping Criteria, they are no longer required to receive the allocated study fluid. Manage the child at your discretion. However, the child is still a study participant and we need to collect safety data outcomes. Please follow the following steps:

1) Place a Stopping Criteria sticker (red sticker) on the child's wrist band and IV hang tag







- 2) Notify the study team that the child had been enrolled but met stopping criteria
- 3) Place a note in Connect Care in the child's chart using the SmartPhrase .PBSTOP



# FLUIDS? SEPSIS?







Found on all study documents



Study Summary
Eligibility Criteria
ED Study Information
Inpatient/PICU Study Information
Fluid Additives
Stopping Criteria
FAQ





PromptBolus@ahs.ca

#### Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)



ED - Alberta Children's Hospital (ACH)

- Q: Who should I think about enrolling?
- A: Children aged 2 months to < 18 years presenting to the ED with suspected sepsis who you anticipate giving a second bolus of fluids for poor perfusion.
- Q: Where do I find screening and eligibility criteria?
- A: Screening criteria are posted on the wall of both resuscitation rooms and in all the patient care pods.

Eligibility criteria can be found posted on the wall of both resuscitation rooms and in the labelled drawer of the Sepsis Cart located in the hallway outside the A pod.

- Q: Where do I find randomization envelopes?
- A: Randomization envelopes are located in the following 2 locations:
  - 1) The black drawer above the desk in the resuscitation room
  - 2) In the Sepsis Cart located in the hallway by outside the A pod
- Q: What is in the randomization envelope, and what do I do with it?
- A: Randomization envelope includes the following:
  - 1) Randomization Sticker place the sticker on the completed Eligibility Form
  - Participant Wrist Band place on the patient's wrist for easy identification of participation in the study
  - 3) IV Hang Tag place on IV pole for easy reminder of allocated fluid
  - 4) ED Team Instructions Sheet to assist ED staff through study process
  - Caregiver Information Sheet please give to the child's caregiver. If they have questions, refer them to the Information Sheet and the study phone numbers.
- Q: How will I know what fluid my patient is allocated to?
- A: Colour-coded tools will help you identify which fluid to give your patient (Green = Balanced Fluid, Orange = Normal Saline) including:
  - 1) Patient Wrist Bands
  - 2) IV Hang Tags
  - 3) Randomization Stickers
- Q: How much IV fluid should I order?
- A: The amount, timing and rate of fluid administered is at the discretion of the managing health care provider
- Q: Can I use a different fluid than the one my patient is allocated to?
- A: If there is a definitive clinical indication for using an alternate fluid from the one allocated for the study, please manage the patient based on that clinical requirement. An example would be using saline for clinically relevant hyponatremia.
- Q: Can I add electrolytes, dextrose, etc.?
- A: Yes Some patients will require added electrolytes, dextrose etc. However, AHS pharmacy policy does not allow additives mixed directly into Balanced Fluid bags. A very handy guide to mixing electrolytes can be found in the resuscitation rooms and on the Sepsis Cart located in the hallway outside the A pod.

PROMPT BOLUS-01 FAQ Sheet – ED – ACH Version & Date: v 3.0 / 19-Apr-2023

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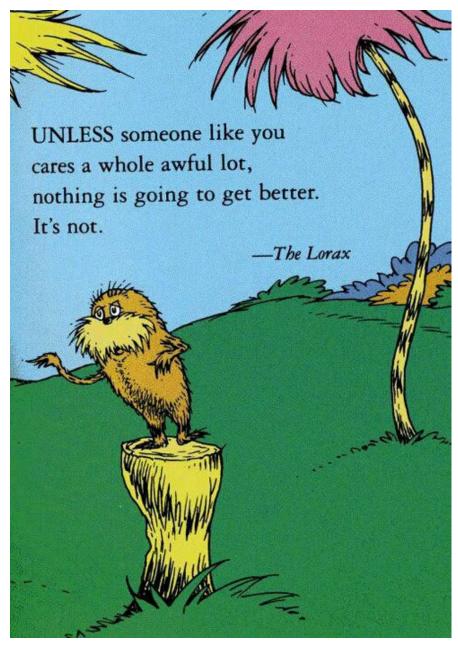
- ☐ Any questions, please contact
  - Dr. Graham Thompson at (403) 369-0765 / graham.thompson@ahs.ca
  - Study team pager (Mon-Fri, 10:00-17:00): #11316

#### **Contact Information**

#### **ED**

- Dr. Graham Thompson: <a href="mailto:graham.thompson@ahs.ca">graham.thompson@ahs.ca</a>

   (403) 369-0765
- Study team pager (Mon-Fri, 10:00-17:00): #11316
- PERT Research Office (52309)
- Study email: <a href="mailto:PromptBolus@ahs.ca">PromptBolus@ahs.ca</a>



#### **Anticipated Impact**

1,275 fewer cases of MAKE30242 fewer cases of CKD50 fewer deaths\$35 million less in health care costs

**US** estimates



## Acknowledgements

















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## CAN'T DO IT WITHOUT YOU

